education with regard to VA's health professionals.

I understand the gentleman has every reason to be upset with regard to what is occurring in the Gulf with regard to the oil spill. This oil should almost be treated as an invasion of our country. I understand why he is upset.

The legislation before us deals with veterans issues. It deals with making sure that the professionals that work in the VA are able to be reimbursed for their continuing professional education.

I want to thank Chairman FILNER right now for his patience. I want to thank you for that. I think we can feel for Mr. Scalise as he just returned from Louisiana, how upset and how high the emotions are in New Orleans and Louisiana, not only from Katrina but also the oil spill, and I can understand where he is coming from. But I want to bring us back to the issue of the bill itself. So I want to thank Mr. Filner for being very patient with our colleague from Louisiana.

One point that we probably haven't talked about with regard to this is the challenge, Chairman Filner, that we have in front of us with regard to nursing and the nursing shortage. So many of the nurses are going to be retiring now over the next 12 years, and as we look at the ability for us to replenish that hole that is going to be created, there is going to be a dynamic shift within our health professions. So a lot of jobs and responsibilities that the nurse corps would be providing today, they are not going to be providing 10 years from now.

Actually, there will be a dynamic shift within health care itself and their profession. Their skill sets are actually going to get higher and even better and more improved, and jobs which they are doing today are going to have to be back-filled by nursing assistants. So for us to step forward and do this type of reimbursement to increase the quality of what they are about to provide, this is extremely important.

I want to thank the majority for bringing this type of bill, because we are going to have to help them increase the standards. It is the only way we are going to be able to actually deal with this hole that we are going to have in our health system and the increased demand that it is going to be placing upon the health system itself, because we don't have all the nursing slots in the education system to be able to do this.

I want to thank you for stepping into the breach. This is the right thing for us to do, especially when I look back at the years in which I served as a legal advisor for a hospital with regard to quality assurance and risk management. These are always extremely important issues. So I want to thank the chairman.

I yield back the balance of my time. Mr. FILNER. Madam Speaker, I do urge my colleagues to support H.R. 5145, as amended.

Like the gentleman from Indiana, I understand the outrage and anger of the gentleman from Louisiana as we are facing probably the biggest environmental disaster of this century. And yet, Madam Speaker, I find it more than ironic, I find it irresponsible, that the very same people who say "drill, baby, drill," the very same people who are always against government interference, the very same people who are always against Big Government, all of a sudden, when it is their district, they want Big Government. and they want regulation, and they want government to clean up the environmental disaster.

Well, we all have to get in there, and BP had better recognize its corporate responsibility for this. But, Madam Speaker, these people always scream against Big Government, but they are the first who want Big Government to come in and save them. So, let us understand the irony and the irresponsibility of those who keep yelling against government regulation, and government interference, but when it affects their district, they want it.

I ask for unanimous agreement on this measure.

I yield back the balance of my time. The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. FILNER) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 5145, as amended.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the aves have it.

Mr. FILNER. Madam Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

hat I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX and the Chair's prior announcement, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

REDUCE UNNECESSARY SPENDING ACT OF 2010—MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (H. DOC. NO. 111–117)

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was read and, together with the accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on Rules and the Committee on the Budget and ordered to be printed:

To the Congress of the United States:

Today, I am pleased to submit to the Congress the enclosed legislative proposal, the "Reduce Unnecessary Spending Act of 2010," along with a section-by-section analysis of the legislation.

This proposal will be another important step in restoring fiscal discipline and making sure that Washington spends taxpayer dollars responsibly. It will provide a new tool to streamline Government programs and operations, cut wasteful Government spending, and enhance transparency and account-

ability to the American people. The legislation will create an expedited procedure to rescind unnecessary spending and to broadly scale back funding levels if warranted. The legislation would require the Congress to vote up or down on legislation proposed by the President to rescind funding. This new, enhanced rescission authority will not only empower the President and the Congress to eliminate unnecessary spending, but also discourage waste in the first place.

Now more than ever, it's critical that taxpayer dollars are not wasted on programs that are ineffective, duplicative, or out-dated. In a time when American families and small business owners are conscious of every dollar and make sure that they manage their budgets wisely, the Federal Government can do no less. The American people expect and demand that we spend their money with the same discipline. Allowing taxpayer dollars to be wasted is both an irresponsible use of taxpayer funds and an irresponsible abuse of the public trust.

Recently, the Congress has taken welcome steps to curb wasteful spending. In 2007, when I served in the Senate, a bipartisan group worked together to eliminate anonymous earmarks and brought new measures of transparency to the process so Americans can better follow how their tax dollars are being spent. Consequently, we have seen progress—with earmarks declining since these reforms were passed, including during this past fiscal year.

In addition, my Administration undertook a line-by-line review of the Budget, and put forward approximately \$20 billion of terminations, reductions, and savings both for Fiscal Year 2010 and 2011. While recent administrations have seen between 15 to 20 percent of their proposed discretionary cuts approved by the Congress, for FY 2010, we worked with the Congress to enact 60 percent of proposed cuts.

Despite the progress we have made to reduce earmarks and other unnecessary spending, there is still more work to be done. The legislation I am sending to you today provides an important tool. The legislation allows the President to target spending policies that do not have a legitimate and worthy public purpose by providing the President with an additional authority to propose the elimination of wasteful or excessive funding. These proposals then receive expedited consideration in the Congress and a guaranteed up-or-down vote. This legislation would also allow the President to delay funding for these projects until the Congress has had the chance to consider changes. In addition, this proposal has been crafted to preserve the constitutional balance of power between the President and the Congress.

Overall, the "Reduce Unnecessary Spending Act of 2010" provides a new way for the Congress and the President to manage taxpayer dollars wisely. That is why I urge the prompt and favorable consideration of this proposal, and look forward to working with the Congress on this matter in the coming weeks.

BARACK OBAMA. THE WHITE HOUSE, May 24, 2010.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

> Office of the Clerk, House of Representatives, Washington, DC, May 24, 2010.

Hon. NANCY PELOSI,

The Speaker, House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

DEAR MADAM SPEAKER: Pursuant to the permission granted in Clause 2(h) of Rule II of the Rules of the U.S. House of Representatives, the Clerk received the following message from the Secretary of the Senate on May 24, 2010 at 9:38 a.m.:

That the Senate passed without amendment H.R. 5139.

Appointments:

Congressional Oversight Panel.

With best wishes, I am

Sincerely,

LORRAINE C. MILLER, By Robert F. Reeves, Deputy Clerk.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until approximately 6:30 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 3 o'clock and 43 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess until approximately 6:30 p.m.

□ 1830

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker protempore (Mr. BRIGHT) at 6 o'clock and 30 minutes p.m.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, proceedings will resume on motions to suspend the rules previously postponed.

Votes will be taken in the following order:

H. Con. Res. 278, by the yeas and navs:

H.R. 1017, by the yeas and nays; and H.R. 5330, de novo.

Remaining postponed votes will be taken later in the week.

The first electronic vote will be conducted as a 15-minute vote. Remaining electronic votes will be conducted as 5-minute votes.

SALUTING SONS AND DAUGHTERS IN TOUCH ON ITS 20TH ANNIVER-SARY

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the mo-

tion to suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution, H. Con. Res. 278, on which the yeas and nays were ordered

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. FILNER) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution, H. Con. Res. 278.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 371, nays 0, not voting 59, as follows:

[Roll No. 291]

YEAS-371

Ackerman Crowley Holden Aderholt Cuellar Holt Adler (NJ) Culberson Honda Akin Cummings Hoyer Altmire Dahlkemper Hunter Andrews Davis (CA) Inslee Davis (IL) Austria Israel Baca Davis (KY) Issa. Bachmann Davis (TN) Jackson (IL) Bachus DeFazio Jenkins Johnson (GA) DeGette Baird Baldwin DeLauro Johnson, E. B. Barrow Dent Johnson, Sam Bartlett Deutch Jones Barton (TX) Diaz-Balart, M. Jordan (OH) Bean Dicks Kagen Dingell Becerra Kanjorski Doggett Berkley Kaptur Donnelly (IN) Berman Kennedy Biggert Doyle Kildee Bilbray Dreier Kilpatrick (MI) Bilirakis Driehaus Kilroy Bishop (GA) Duncan Kind Edwards (MD) Bishop (UT) King (IA) Blackburn Edwards (TX) King (NY) Boehner Ehlers Kingston Bonner Ellison Kirkpatrick (AZ) Ellsworth Boozman Kissell Boren Emerson Klein (FL) Boswell Engel Kline (MN) Boustany Eshoo Kosmas Etheridge Boyd Kratovil Brady (PA) Farr Kucinich Fattah Brady (TX) Lance Braley (IA) Filner Langevin Bright. Flake Larsen (WA) Broun (GA) Fleming Larson (CT) Brown (SC) Forbes Latham Fortenberry Brown Corrine LaTourette Buchanan Foster Latta Burgess Burton (IN) Foxx Lee (CA) Frank (MA) Lee (NY) Butterfield Franks (AZ) Levin Buyer Frelinghuysen Lewis (CA) Calvert Fudge Lewis (GA) Camp Gallegly Linder Campbell Garamendi LoBiondo Garrett (NJ) Cantor Loebsack Capito Gerlach Lofgren, Zoe Giffords Capps Gingrey (GA) Lowev Capuano Lucas Cardoza Gohmert Luetkemeyer Carnahan Gonzalez Goodlatte Luján Carnev Lummis Carson (IN) Gordon (TN) Lungren, Daniel Carter Granger Castle \mathbf{E} Gravson Lynch Castor (FL) Green, Al Mack Chaffetz Green, Gene Chandler Maloney Grijalva Marchant Chu Guthrie Markey (CO) Clarke Hall (TX) Clay Markey (MA) Halvorson Cleaver Hare Marshall Harman Matsui Clyburn McCarthy (CA) Coble Harper Coffman (CO) Hastings (FL) McCarthy (NY) McCaul Hastings (WA) Cohen McClintock Cole Heinrich Heller Conaway McCollum Connolly (VA) Hensarling McCotter Cooper Herger McDermott Herseth Sandlin Costa McGovern Costello Hill McHenry Courtney Himes McIntvre Crenshaw Hinchey McKeon McMahon Critz Hirono

Smith (NE) McMorris Posey Rodgers Price (GA) Smith (NJ) Meek (FL) Price (NC) Smith (TX) Meeks (NY) Putnam Smith (WA) Snyder Quigley Mica Michaud Radanovich Speier Miller (FL) Rahall Stark Miller (MI) Rangel Stearns Miller (NC) Rehberg Sullivan Miller, Gary Reichert Sutton Miller, George Reyes Tanner Richardson Minnick Teague Mitchell Rodriguez Terry Thompson (CA) Moore (KS) Roe (TN) Moore (WI) Rogers (AL) Thompson (MS) Moran (KS) Rogers (KY) Thompson (PA) Moran (VA) Rogers (MI) Thornberry Murphy (CT) Rooney Tiberi Murphy (NY) Roskam Tierney Murphy, Tim Rothman (NJ) Myrick Roybal-Allard Tonko Nadler (NY) Tsongas Royce Napolitano Ruppersberger Turner Neal (MA) Salazar Upton Neugebauer Sanchez, Loretta Van Hollen Nunes Sarbanes Velázquez Nve Scalise Visclosky Oberstar Schakowsky Walden Obey Schauer Walz Schmidt Olson Wasserman Olver Schock Schultz Owens Schrader Waters Pallone Schwartz Watson Pascrell Scott (GA) Watt Pastor (AZ) Scott (VA) Waxman Weiner Paul Sensenbrenner Paulsen Serrano Welch Pence Sessions Westmoreland Perlmutter Sestak Whitfield Perriello Shadegg Wilson (OH) Peters Shea-Porter Wilson (SC) Peterson Wittman Sherman Petri Shimkus Wolf Pitts Shuler Woolsey Platts Shuster Wu Yarmuth Poe (TX) Skelton Polis (CO) Young (AK) Young (FL) Pomeroy Slaughter

NOT VOTING-59

Griffith Alexander Ortiz Arcuri Gutierrez Payne Barrett (SC) Hall (NY) Pingree (ME) Berry Higgins Rohrabacher Bishop (NY) Hinojosa Ros-Lehtinen Blumenauer Hodes Ross Hoekstra Blunt Rush Inglis Boccieri Ryan (OH) Bono Mack Jackson Lee Ryan (WI) Boucher (TX) Sánchez, Linda Brown-Waite, Johnson (IL) T. Ginny Kirk Schiff Lamborn Cao Simpson Cassidy Lipinski Space Childers Maffei Manzullo Spratt Conyers Stupak Davis (AL) Matheson Taylor McNerney Delahunt Tiahrt Diaz-Balart, L. Melancon Fallin Mollohan Towns Murphy, Patrick Wamp Graves

□ 1903

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the concurrent resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

CHIROPRACTIC CARE AVAILABLE TO ALL VETERANS ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 1017, as amended, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. FILNER) that the House suspend the